

01DTOVAX0806SDFW-V1 & 01DTOVAX0806SDNW-V1

8X6 OVERLAP APEX SHED.

BEFORE YOU START PLEASE READ INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

- Check the pack and make sure you have all the items listed in the parts list provided.
- When you are ready to start, make sure you have the right tools at hand (not supplied see the equipment list on next
- Ensure there is plenty of space and a clean dry area for assembly.
- Ensure you have enough time to build the product to ensure the building is water tight.

LOCATION FOR YOUR GARDEN BUILDING

A minimum of 600mm should be left around the perimeter of your garden building to allow access for maintenance, annual treatment and to allow air flow around the building.

Where possible you should avoid placing your garden building underneath large trees to prevent the tree causing damage to the building.

TIMBER

As with all natural materials, timber can be affected during various weather conditions. For the duration of heavy or extended periods of rain, swelling of the wood panels may occur. Warping of the wood may also occur during excessive dry spells due to an interior moisture loss. Unfortunately, these processes cannot be avoided but can be helped. It is suggested that the outdoor building is sprayed with water during extended periods of warm sunshine and sheltered as much as possible during rain or snow.

Once your garden building has been installed it will need to be treated within 14 days (weather permitting) and annually to prevent the timber from deteriorating and to waterproof it. This is required to maintain the anti-rot guarantee.

Dip Treated buildings - Require a preservative treatment to protect against rot and decay and a waterproof treatment to prevent water ingress

Pressure Treated buildings - Require a waterproof treatment to prevent water ingress

Log Cabins/Insulated Garden Rooms - Are supplied untreated and require a preservative and waterproofing treatment.

BUILDING A BASE

When thinking about where the building and where the base is going to be constructed: Ensure that there will be access to all sides for maintenance work and annual treatment.

Ensure the base is level and is built on firm ground, to prevent distortion. Refer to diagrams for the base dimensions, The base should be slightly smaller than the external measurement of the building, i.e. The cladding should overlap the base, creating a run off for water. It is also recommended that the floor be at least 25mm above the surrounding ground level to avoid flooding.

TYPES OF BASE

- Concrete 75mm laid on top of 75mm hard-core.
- Slabs laid on 50mm of sharp sand.
- Wooden base.

Whilst all products manufactured are made to the highest standards of safety and in the case of children's products independently tested to EN71 level, we cannot accept responsibility for your safety whilst erecting or using this product.



All buildings should be erected by two adults



Winter = High Moisture = Expansion Summer = Low Moisture = Contraction



heads are countersunk.



CAUTION

Every effort has been made during the manufacturing process to eliminate the prospect of splinters on rough surfaces of the timber. You are strongly advised to wear gloves when working with or handling rough sawn timber.



2mm Drill bit

For ease of assembly, you will need a tape measure to check dimensions of components.



To identify the fixings required for each step use a measuring tape.

Protim Aquatan T5 (621)

Your building has been dip treated with Aquatan.

Aquatan is a water-based concentrate which is diluted with water, the building as been treated by the correct application of Aquatan solution and then allowed to dry.

Aquatan is a decorative finish to colour the wood, which is applied industrially to timber fence panels and garden buildings.

Aquatan undiluted contains: boric acid, sodium hydroxide 32% solution, aqueos mixture of sodium dioctyl sulphosuccinat and alcohols: 2, 4, 6-trichlorophenol.



In all instances for assistance with your product, please contact us via our customer portal: https://www.mgplogistics.co.uk/

Mercia Garden Products Limited, Sutton On Trent, Newark, Nottinghamshire, NG23 6QN

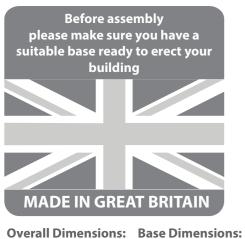


TO [OO LIST			
	Find a suitable location to build (see front cover for further information).			
	Build a base (see front cover for further information).			
	Check the base is flat, level, clear of debris and has 60cm clearance on all sides.			
	Check you have the required equipment.			
	Check you have all the product items listed (if you have missing or damaged parts please contact the customer services department, see front cover for contact details).			
	Install the product as per the step by step instructions within this pack.			
	Prepare the product ready for treatment.			
	Apply a preserving and a waterproofing treatment within 14 days (weather permitting) of installation (pressure treated products do not require a preserver).			
	Register for your anti rot guarantee (scan the QR below).			
	Tidy the build area and dispose of any remaining parts responsibly.			
	Maintain your building (see the manufacturers recommen	ndations at the back of t	his pack).	
EQUIPMENT LIST		NEED EXTRA SUPPORT		
	Hammer Flat Head Screwdriver Drill	suitable, please conthis further.	nat your base preparation will be ntact us on 01636 821215 to discuss	
	Drill Bit Set Phillips and Slotted Bit Sets	Alternatively, you can visit our website or MGP Logistics Online Portal for some further sheducation.		
	Tape Measure Hand Saw	Website: https://www.merci	agardenproducts.co.uk/sheducation	
	Spirit Level Ladders/Steps	MGP Logistics Onli https://www.mgplo		
	Stanley Knife/Cutting Tool Sand Paper Gloves	-	plenty of useful information that'll -installation and maintenance	
	Silicone (For Windows Only)	queries.		
	Wood Filler (Optional) Timber Preservative Treatment (not pressure treated products)	PLEASE SCAN HERE:	ANY QUESTIONS? Scan the QR code to	
	Timber Water Proofing Treatment Treatment Mixing Stick		contact us via our customer portal.	

☐ Paint Brush/Sprayer/Roller

NOTES	



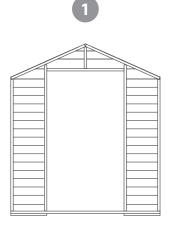


Width = 2428mm Width = 2350mm Depth = 1905mmDepth = 1753mm

01DTOVAX0806SDFW-V1 01DTOVAX0806SDNW-V1

Building Content:

Height = 1986mm



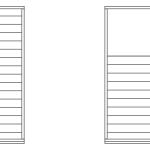
Door Gable QTY 1 AI-01R11OVAGSD1707X1961-V1



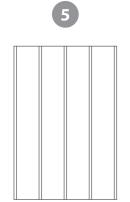
Back Gable QTY 1 AI-01R11OVAGP1707X1961-V1



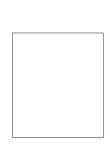
Plain Panel QTY 2 (QTY 4 WINDOWLESS ONLY) AI-R11OVPP1180X1567-V1



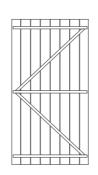
Window Panel QTY 2 (WITH WINDOW ONLY) AI-01R11OV2CW1180X1567-V1



Floor QTY 2 AI-R11OSBF1175X1753-V1



Roof Sheet QTY 4 PI-03-0386 (1195MM X 1039MM)



Door QTY 1 AI-R11FBMBZBD875X1660-V1



OVLPR60-1016mm

Fixed Window Strip 12x30x546mm QTY 14 (WITH WINDOW ONLY) S1230-546mm

Cover Trims 12x45x1575mm QTY 6

Door Beading Strip 7x28x1590mm QTY 2 OVLPR28-1590mm

Ridge Bar 27x70x1152mm QTY 2 F2770-1152mm

Eaves Frame 28x28x1195mm QTY 4 F2828-1195mm

Truss Frame - 27x44x931mm QTY 2 F2744-G-971mm

Truss Support Brace - 27x44x450mm QTY 1

Truss Block - 27x44x140mm QTY 2 F2744-G-160mm





Finial QTY 2

SHED DIAMOND FINIAL













Hasp and Staple QTY 1 PI-07-0207



PI-08-0013

PI-07-0034



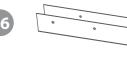
Plastic Window Cill QTY 2 (WITH WINDOW ONLY)

Turn Button QTY 2





Felt



U Channel PI-07-0013

Capping Felt



23 Styrene QTY 4

(WITH WINDOW ONLY) PI-05-0114





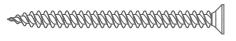
L-Bracket QTY 2



IMPORTANT: Pre-drill before fixing screws.

Nail Bag

There may be extra screws present in the nail bag



50mm Screw x 50

40mm Screw x 68

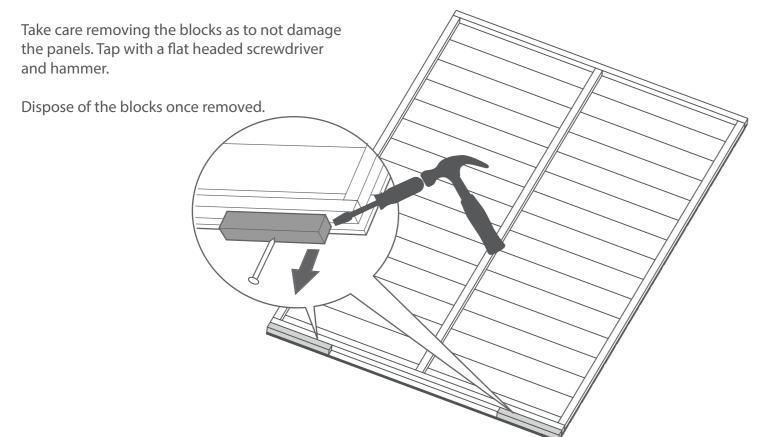


30mm Screw x 142

Felt Tacks x 100

Pre Assembly

Before assembling remove the transportation blocks from the bottom of each panel.



Step 1

Parts needed - No. 1 QTY 1

No. 7 QTY 1 No. 18 QTY 3

Place the door (No. 7) within the door gable opening. Fix the T Hinges (No.18) onto the door and Door Gable as shown (taking into account on which side of the Door Gable opening you want the Door to open). Ensure that the screws go through the cladding and into the framing behind.

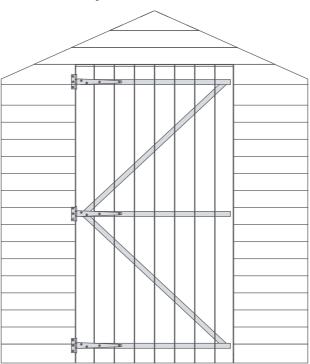
21x30mm screws



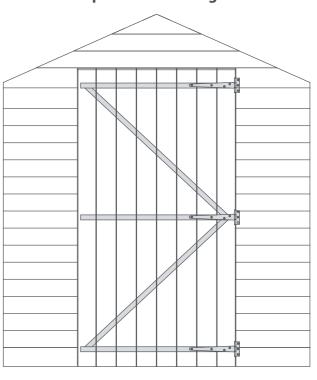


PLEASE NOTE Before fitting the hinges, ensure the door is in the correct position depending on which side you want the door to open. See external illustrations below which show the doors internal framing.

Opens from the Left



Opens from the Right



Parts needed - No. 5 QTY 2

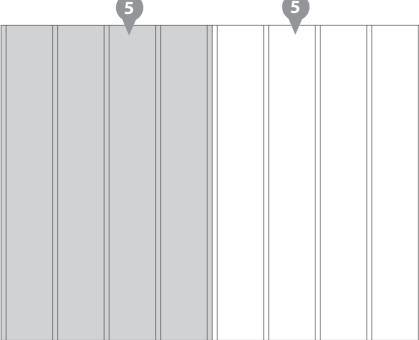
Place the floors (No.5) on a firm and level base, ensure the base has suitable drainage free from areas where standing water can collect. See the front page for base requirements.

Attach the floors together using 12x40mm screws.

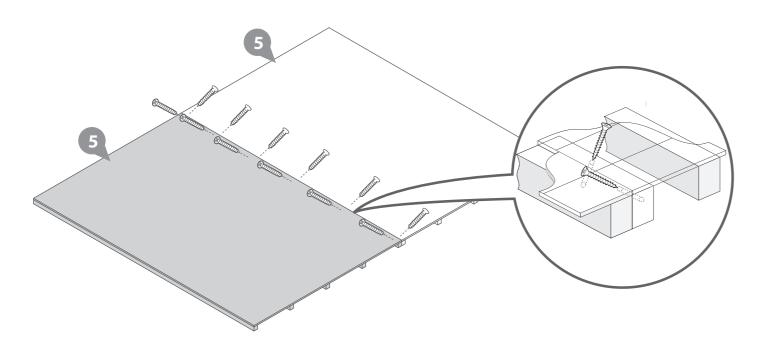
12x40mm Screws







IMPORTANT: Pre-drill before fixing screws.



Step 3

Parts needed - No. 2 QTY 1 No. 3, (or 4) QTY 1

Please note: Whether you have purchased the with windows building or no windows building, the panels are interchangeable. Decide which works best before assembly.

Fix the corners of the Back Gable (No.2) and the Plain Panel (No.3) (or Window Panel) with 3x50mm screws as shown in the illustration.

Do not secure the building to the floor until the roof is fitted.

Position the panels so there is equal spacing between the floor and cladding on all sides.

3x50mm Screws





Step 4

Parts needed - No. 3, (or 4) QTY 1 No. 4, (or 3) QTY 1

Fix the corners of the Back Gable (No.2) and the Window Panel (No.4) (or Plain Panel) with 3x50mm screws as shown in the illustration.

Fix the ends of the Plain Panel (No.3) (or Window Panel) to the already standing Plain Panel (No.3) (or Window Panel) with 3x50mm screws as shown in the illustration.

Do not secure the building to the floor until the roof is fitted.

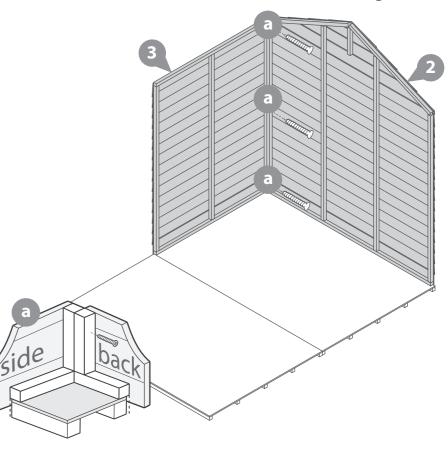
Position the panels so there is equal spacing between the floor and cladding on all sides.

6x50mm Screws

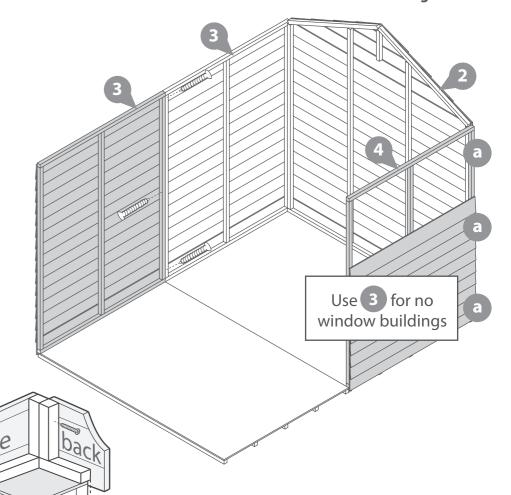




IMPORTANT: Pre-drill before fixing screws.



IMPORTANT: Pre-drill before fixing screws.





Parts needed - No. 1 QTY 1 No. 4, (or 3) QTY 1

Fix the end of the Window Panel (No.4) (or Plain Panel) to the already standing panel with 3x50mm screws as shown in the illustration.

Fix the corners of the Door Gable (No.1) to the ends of the Side Panels with 6x50mm screws as shown in the illustration.

Do not secure the building to the floor until the roof is fitted.

Position the panels so there is equal spacing between the floor and cladding on all sides.

9x50mm Screws





Step 6

Parts needed - No. 12 QTY 2 No. 24 QTY 2 No. 26 QTY 1

Connect the Ridge Bars (No. 12) together with the metal U-Channel (No. 26), using 10x30mm screws.

Attach the L-Brackets (No. 24) to each end of the Ridge Bars (No. 12) with 2x30mm screws per L-Bracket.

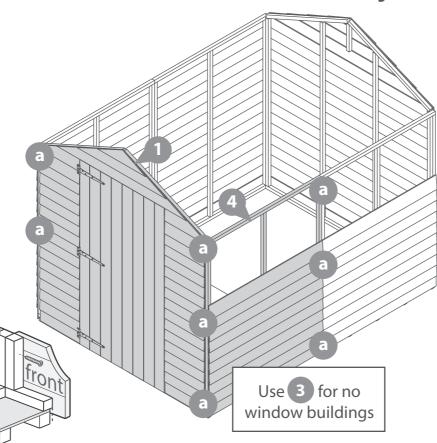
*Ensure the L-Brackets are flush with the ends of the ridge bars.

14x30mm Screws





IMPORTANT: Pre-drill before fixing screws.



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Step 7

Place the assembled ridge bar in between the Gables (No. 1&2) in line with the central uprights within the gables.

If you have not yet assembled your ridge bar please refer to step 6.

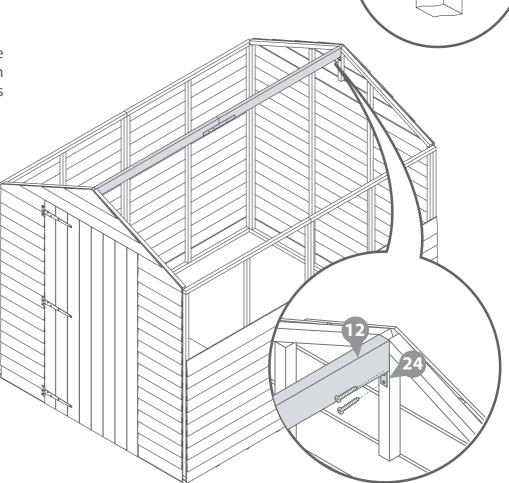
Secure the ridge bar (No. 12) to the central uprights with 2x30mm screws per L-Brackets (No. 24), as shown in the illustration.

4x30mm Screws











Parts needed - No. 6 QTY 4 No. 13 QTY 4

Fix the eaves frames (No.13) to each roof sheet (No.6) using 3x30mm screws per eave.

12x30mm Screws

Place the Roof Sheets (No. 6) on top of the building making sure the roof sheet meets the pointed edge of the Gables (No. 1&2) and it sits well on the top of the Ridge Bar (No. 12).

The edges of the roof sheets must be flush with the outer cladding of the Gables (No. 1&2).

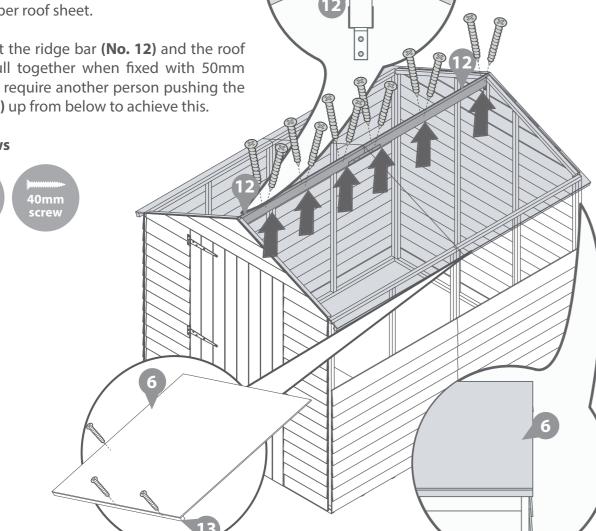
From the top, fix directly through the roof sheets (No. 6) and into the ridge bar (No. 12) below using 3x40mm screws per roof sheet.

It is essential that the ridge bar (No. 12) and the roof sheet (No. 6) pull together when fixed with 50mm screws. You may require another person pushing the ridge bar (No. 12) up from below to achieve this.









Step 9

IMPORTANT: Pre-drill before fixing screws.

Parts needed - No. 14 QTY 2

Position a Truss Frame (No. 14), centrally underneath the join of the two roof sheets (No. 6) internally. Ensure the Truss Frame (No. 14) sits flush to the underside of the roof sheets and flush at the top as shown in the illustration.

Fix the Truss Frame (No. 14) in place using 30mm screws fixing through the roof sheet (No. 6) into the Truss Frame (No. 14) from the outside of the building.

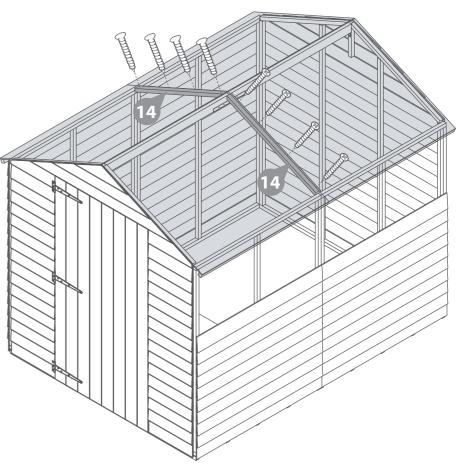
*Alternate screwing through each roof sheet for a more secure hold.

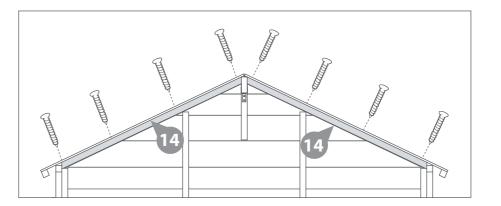
8x30mm Screws





IMPORTANT: Pre-drill before fixing screws.







IMPORTANT: Pre-drill before fixing screws.

Step 10 Parts needed - No. 16 QTY 2

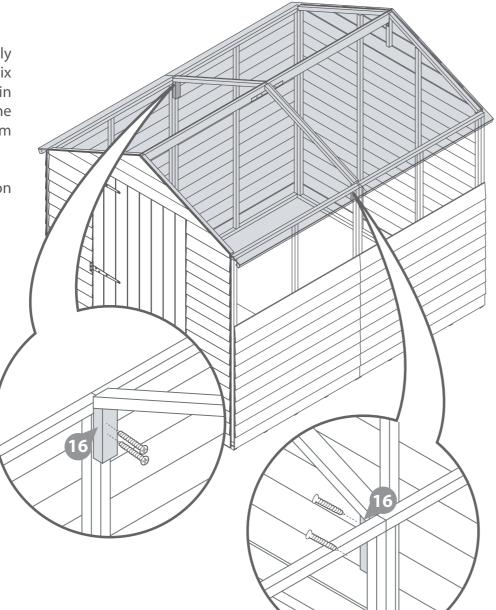
Place Truss Block (No. 16) directly below the Truss Frame (No. 14). Fix the Truss Block to the framing within where the side panels meet in the centre. Fix in place with 2x50mm screws.

Repeat the above two actions on either side of the building.

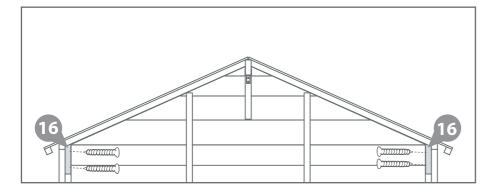
4x50mm Screws







IMPORTANT: Pre-drill before fixing screws.



Step 11

Parts needed - No. 15 QTY 1

Place the Truss Support Brace (No. 15) underneath the two Truss Frames (No. 14) ensuring they sit flush to one another. The Truss Support Brace (No. 15) should sit horizontal - parallel to the floor.

Once in position fix the Truss Support Brace (No. 15) in place with 2x40mm screws at each end of the brace.

4x40mm Screws





IMPORTANT: Pre-drill before fixing screws.

Step 12 Use 40mm screws to fix the roof

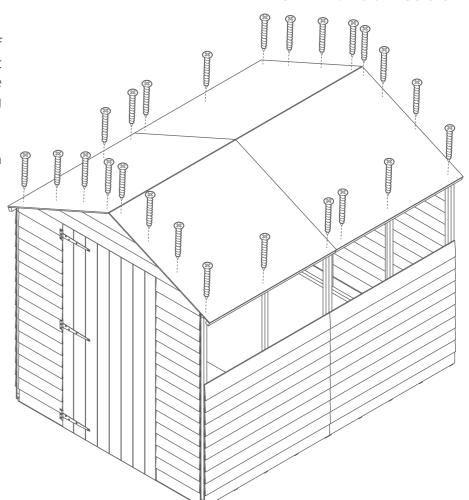
sheets (No. 6) down the sides and at the bottom being sure that the screws attach into the framing below.

Ensure there is no more than 300mm between each screw.

24x40mm Screws









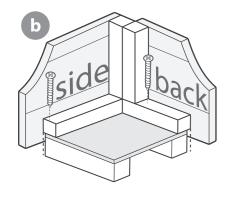
Once the roof is fixed, attach the building to the floor with 50mm screws.

Ensure the screws go through the panel into the floor faming.

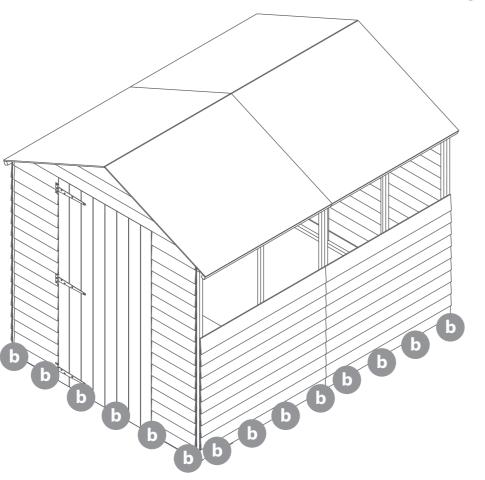
28x50mm Screws







IMPORTANT: Pre-drill before fixing screws.



Step 14

Parts needed - No. 21 QTY 1 No. 22 QTY 1

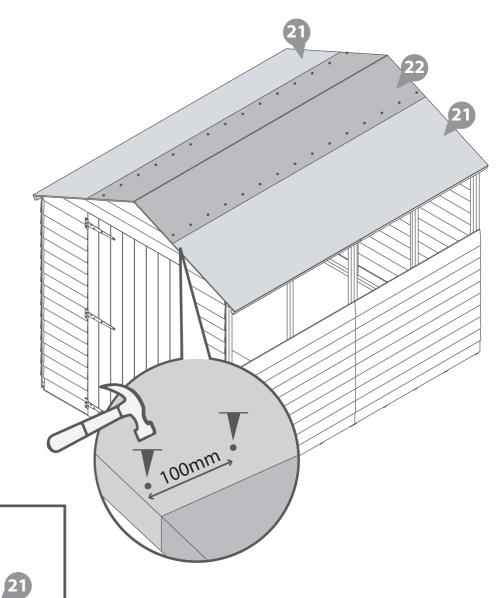
Cut the felt (No. 21) into two sheets at 2500mm (L) x 1000mm (W) and cut a sheet from the capping felt (No. 22) at 2500mm (L) x 300mm (W).

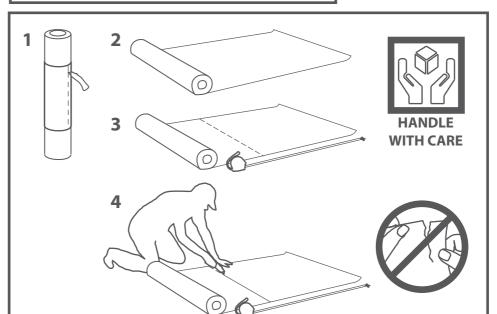
Lay onto roof as shown in diagram, ensuring there is a 50mm overhang around the sides.

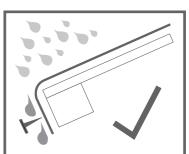
Secure in place using felt tacks at 100mm intervals.

100 x Felt Tacks













IMPORTANT: Pre-drill before fixing screws.

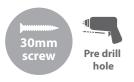
Step 15
For a windowless version go to step 16

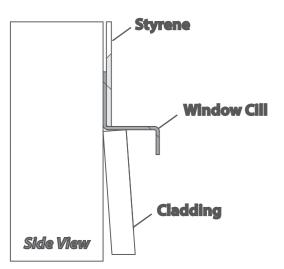
Parts needed - No. 9 QTY 14 No. 19 QTY 2 No. 23 QTY 2

- Fix 4x Window Strip (No. 9) to the sides of the framing exposed in the window gap of the Window Panel (No. 2) using 3x30mm screws per Strip.
- Place the Plastic Window Cill (No. 19) into the window panel (No. 1) opening as shown in the illustration. Fix screws through the cill for extra support using 3x30mm screws.
- Fit the styrene sheets (No. 23) on top of the Plastic Window Cill (No. 19).
 - *For added weather protection fit your windows using silicone sealant around the outside edges.
 - **When positioning the styrene sheets ensure there is an equal distance on all sides.
- Attach a further 3x window strips (No. 9) to either side of the windows and the centres. Secure into place using 3x30mm screws per strip.

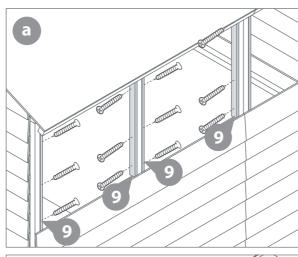
Repeat this process for the other window panel.

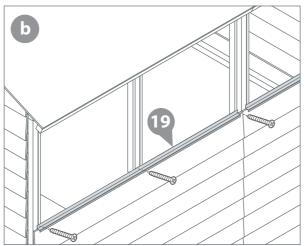
48x30mm Screws

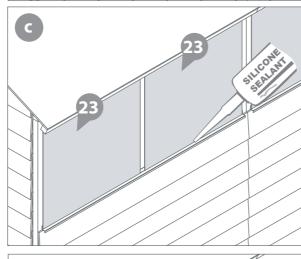


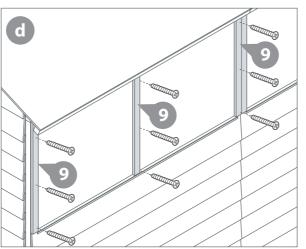


IMPORTANT: Pre-drill before fixing screws.









Step 16

Parts needed - No. 10 QTY 6

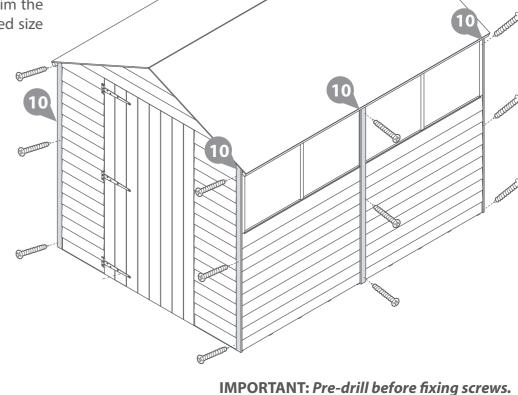
Fit the Cover Trims (No.10) over each panel join and corner of the building as shown in the illustration using 30mm screws. Trim the length of the cover trims to the required size before fitting if necessary.

18x30mm Screws









Step 17

Parts needed - No. 8 QTY 4 No. 17 QTY 2

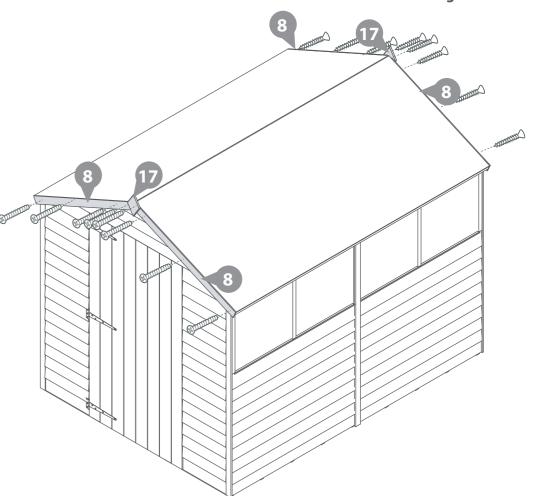
Fit the Fascias (No.8) to the roof over the felt and secure in place with 40mm screws as shown.

Followed by adding the Finials (No.17) over the Fascias using x2 40mm screws per Finial.

16x40mm Screws









Step 18
Parts needed - No. 11 QTY 2

Use 4x30mm Screws to fix each beading strip (No.11) onto the door gable (No.1). Ensure that the screw is parallel with the door frame when fixing the strip to the door gable as shown in the close up view.

8x30mm Screws

Step 19

IMPORTANT: Pre-drill before fixing screws.

Parts needed - No. 25 QTY 1

To fix the lock in place. Screw the Staple (No.25) to the Door Gable making sure that the screws go into the framing behind.

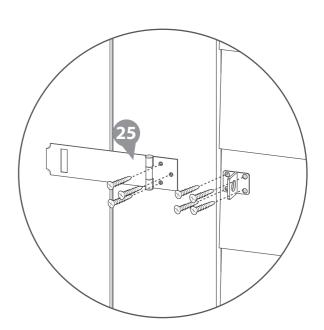
Check the Hasp (No.25) is in line with the staple and screw into the Door making sure that the screws go into the framing behind.

7x30mm screws.





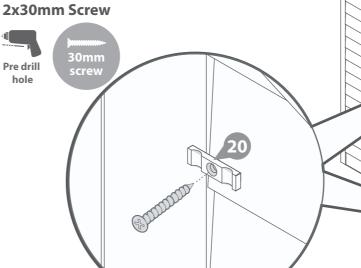
IMPORTANT: Pre-drill before fixing screws.



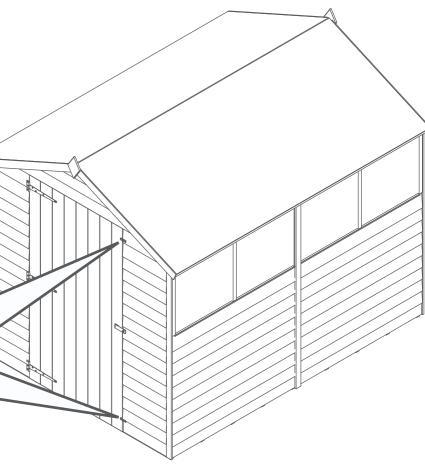
Step 20
Parts needed - No. 20 QTY 2

Fix the Turn Button (No.20) on to the Door Gable (No.1) using 1x30mm screw for each one.

These turn buttons help to keep your doors straight during high and low levels of moisture content in the air.



IMPORTANT: Pre-drill before fixing screws.

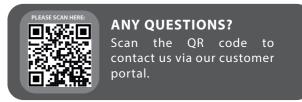




TREATING YOUR GARDEN BUILDING

Preservation of wood that's outdoors is vital. A little early care will help protect your garden building, improve its appearance and ensure maximum longevity. Insects, moisture, salt, and changing weather can have dramatic effects on the stability and appearance of your garden building. Once your building is installed, you've checked it over and you're happy with it, you can take a few basic precautions to prepare it for the elements. Treating your garden building helps prevent decay and, by repelling water, discourages the growth of moulds and fungi that could jeopardise the structural integrity of the wood.

Dip Treated buildings - Require a preservative treatment to protect against rot and decay and a waterproof treatment to prevent water ingress **Pressure Treated buildings** - Require a waterproof treatment to prevent water ingress Log Cabins/Insulated Garden Rooms - Are supplied untreated and require a preservative and waterproofing treatment.



To apply a preservative and water proofing treatment (pressure treated products do not require a preserver), follow the manufacturer's instructions but in principle, stick to the following steps:

- ✓ Wear latex or rubber gloves, eye protection and (if spraying) a mask.
- ✓ Prepare the wood, by sanding down any ridges or inconsistencies in the wood, smoothing out knots and end-cuts.
- Choose a dry day to treat your garden building. If you're spraying rather than brushing paint on, avoid a windy day.
- Be sure you can safely reach all the sections you need to paint and if you need a ladder, make sure it's safely positioned before climbing. Lay dust sheets around to avoid paint splatters on your base or surrounding plants.

- ✓ Tape around windowpanes to avoid smears when you're painting the frames.
- Keep pets and small children out of the way. The last thing you want is to have fur on your garden building paint, or little painted footprints all over your garden and home.
- Fill any gaps in the building's body with caulk or wood filler to prevent water and draughts getting in. Silicone based caulk is flexible and will move with the timber when temperature and humidity change. Allow to dry completely before treating. A handy tip for finding gaps is to go into your garden building and look for light leaking through joins and frames. If light gets in, then so will water.
- Liberally apply at least two coats of the treatment products with a brush or spray, taking care to allow the first coat to completely dry before applying the second.
- Make sure the solution permeates the whole of the surface area, especially around natural cracks, end cuts and nail/screw holes.





Perimeter

Check around the perimeter of your product to ensure there are not trees or plants that are in contact with or overhanging the building. This can affect airflow and overhanging trees, or branches can damage the roof, it is advised to keep plants at a distance.

Repair

Inspect the interior and exterior of the product to look for splits, cracks, and holes. Although this is a natural occurrence it can be prevented. A wood filler can be used to close the splits, cracks, and holes.

Roof

Check your roof regularly for tears, splits, damaged wood and fallen debris. If you notice any of this immediate repair is critical.

Doors & Windows

Expansion and contraction can cause doors and windows to stick or become difficult to open. Small adjustments to the hinge position can be made to the doors and windows to allow free movement.

Hinges can seize up over time, apply lubricant to the hinges and locks annually.

Screws & Bolts

It is advised to check all screws and bolts and tighten any loose you might find. For log cabins specifically the storm braces will require loosening. During humidity and temperature changes (seasons) to allow expansion and contraction to prevent gaping, twisting, popping, and warping.

Wash

At least once a year, give the outside of you building a good wash, to remove cobwebs, leaves, or any other dirt that may accumulate on the exterior.

Airing

Airing your product regularly prevents the build up of condensation which can cause the timber to warp, bow, boards to pop, distortion, rot and mould. Condensation can build up over time or daily, it is caused by a rise and fall in temperature.

Excessive moisture levels within your building can cause water to collect on the roofs, walls and floors internally. Leaving doors and windows open regularly can help combat the natural moisture build up.

Clean & Tidy

It is good practice to clean the inside and outside of your product regularly. Clear out the contents, sweep the floor, remove dirt and cobwebs. Check for areas of damp and investigate the cause to remove and prevent future occurrences. Check the ground around your product for build up of debris such as leaves, remove and ensure there is clear ventilation underneath the floor.

Additional Playhouse Maintenance:

It is recommended that the following checks and maintenance are carried out at the beginning of each season as well as at regular intervals during the usage season.

- Check all nuts /bolts/ screws for tightness and tighten when required.
- Check for movement / opening of wood giving rise to protrusion of nail heads and tips.
- Check hinges.
- Replace defective parts in accordance with the manufacturers instructions.
- Check any crossbeams, suspensions and anchors.
- If a swing is included; check the swing seat, chains and ropes.

IF THESE CHECKS ARE NOT CARRIED OUT THE ACTIVITY TOY COULD BECOME A HAZARD



All our garden buildings have been designed and manufactured with care and attention to be the perfect addition to your outdoor space. To ensure you do get the best out of your new garden building and to increase the longevity we advise that you follow the product instructions and our manufacturer's recommendations as detailed below. Thank you for choosing a Mercia Garden product!

Choosing the most suitable location for your garden building...

A minimum of 60cm should be left around the perimeter of your garden building to allow access for maintenance, annual treatment and to allow air flow around the building.

Where possible you should avoid placing your garden building underneath large trees to prevent the tree causing damage to the building.

Preparing the base for your garden building...

All our buildings must be built on a firm, level base to ensure the longevity of the building and prevent the wood from distorting. We recommend either concrete, concrete slabs or a wooden base, such as our 'Portabase'.

The base should be slightly smaller than the external measurement of the building, i.e. the cladding should overlap the base, creating a run off for water and preventing water from pooling underneath the building.

We also recommend that the floor of the garden building is a minimum of 25mm above the surrounding ground level to avoid flooding.

After installation...

Once your garden building has been installed, it will need to be treated within 14 days (weather permitting) and annually to prevent the timber from deteriorating and to waterproof it. This is required to maintain the anti-rot guarantee.

Dip Treated buildings - Require a preservative treatment to protect against rot and

and a waterproof treatment to prevent water ingress.

Pressure Treated buildings - Require a waterproof treatment to prevent water

Log Cabins/Insulated Garden Rooms - Are supplied untreated and require a preservative and waterproofing treatment.

We also recommend using a silicon sealant on the inside and outside of the windows as soon as possible after assembly and treatment to fully seal the windows.

Roofing felt/covering should be checked annually and replaced or fixed accordingly.

General maintenance and wood characteristics

As wood is a natural material it may be affected by the following:

Shrinkage and warping - The timber used in the construction of your garden building will have retained some of its natural moisture content. The moisture content of the timber will vary, depending upon prevailing environmental conditions, which will result in the components either naturally expanding or contracting. As the components dry out, shrinkage may occur. A good waterproofing treatment from the start is the best protection to minimise the effect of moisture loss/intake.

In extended periods of very warm weather getting some moisture to the building will help the overall balance. You can do this by spraying it down lightly with a garden hose. In contrast, after snow fall try to remove the snow as best as possible from the roof to prevent moisture intake and to remove the extra weight.

Top tip - using a garden brush will help you to reach the highest part of the building to remove snow and any debris left from bad weather.

Damp and mould - During the winter months, cold and damp conditions can result in an increased amount of moisture within your garden building. especially when used infrequently. Condensation can form on the timber and other items stored within your garden building. If left this moisture is likely to cause mould and mildew.

To prevent the build-up of moisture, we recommend leaving the door or windows of your building open from time to time, to allow the fresh air to circulate. We also advise against storing wet or damp items in your garden building as this will also increase the level of moisture in the building. If mould or mildew does start to form within your building we recommend using an anti-mould cleaner to remove it and to prevent it spreading, which if left untreated could permanently damage your garden building.

Splits, cracks and knots - You may notice small splits and cracks in some components or holes may appear where knots shrink and fall out. This will not affect the structure of your Garden building however, if you wish to fill them this can be easily done using any good quality wood filler.

Sap - is naturally occurring in wood and may appear in some boards of your garden building. If you wish to remove the sap, we advise waiting until it is dry and then using a sharp knife to carefully remove it. If the removal of the sap causes a hole in the timber, we recommend using a good quality wood filler to fill it.

For more handy hints and tips on how to care and maintain your garden building please refer to the MGP Customer Portal at www.mgplogistics.co.uk

Any further questions?

Contact our Customer Portal at: www.mgplogistics.co.uk



Manufacturer's Warranty

All Mercia Garden Products are supplied with a 1 year warranty on all parts against manufacturing defects.

This warranty does not cover movement, warping or splitting of timber products over time.

This warranty will be voided if any of the following occur:

- 1. The building has been customised or modified/adapted in any way.
- 2. The person claiming is not the original purchaser of the building.
- 3. Any damage has been caused by or as a result of misuse.
- 4. The building has not been maintained and cared for in accordance to our advisories and manufacturer's recommendations.
- 5. The building has not been treated annually or as per the manufacturer's recommendations, please ensure receipts are kept to validate this claim.
- 6. The building has not been erected, fitted or installed as per the supplier instructions.
- 7. The building has not been erected on a suitable sized firm flat, solid level concrete/slab base or placed on pressure treated bearers.
- 8. The building is or has been placed with 2 feet (600mm) of any obstructions (walls, trees, plants, fences etc.) which can allow moisture to penetrate the timber.
- 9. The roofing felt has been incorrectly fitted or damaged, allowing water ingress, or has not been properly maintained.
- 10. Any windows and joints have not been sealed, inside and out, with silicone or other watertight sealant.
- 11. Any timber has been cut, pierced or drilled without subsequent application of approved cut-end treatment.





Anti-rot Guarantee

Mercia Garden Products offer a 10 year anti-rot guarantee on all dip treated (a preparatory treatment) and 15 years on all pressure treated products. This guarantee covers solid timber against rot, decay, blue stain and insect attacks.

To validate the guarantee, the building must be treated (as detailed within manufacturer's recommendations) within 14 days (weather permitting) of assembly and annually thereafter.

This guarantee does not cover movement, warping or splitting of timber products over time.

This guarantee will be voided if any of the following occur:

- 1. The building has been customised or modified/adapted in any way.
- 2. The person claiming is not the original purchaser of the building.
- 3. Any damage is caused by or as a result of misuse.
- 4. The building has not been maintained and cared for in accordance to our advisories and manufacturer's recommendations.
- 5. The building has not been treated annually or as per the manufacturer's recommendations, please ensure receipts are kept to validate this claim.
- 6. The building has not been erected, fitted or installed as per the supplier instructions.
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- 8. The building is or has been placed with 600mm of any obstructions (walls, trees, plants, fences etc.) which can allow moisture to penetrate the timber.
- 9. The roofing felt has been incorrectly fitted or damaged allowing water ingress, or has not been properly maintained.
- 10. Any windows and joints have not been sealed, inside and out, with silicone or other watertight sealant.
- 11. Any timber has been cut, pierced or drilled without subsequent application of approved cut-end treatment.